



MIRES BECK NURSERY

WILDFLOWER CATALOGUE 2023

Low Mill Lane,
North Cave,
Brough,
HU15 2NR

Tel: 01430 421543

Email: lizzie@miresbeck.co.uk

Web: www.miresbeck.co.uk

Cover Photograph:

Plantago lanceolata - Ribwort Plantain

Wildflower Plants of Yorkshire Provenance

Mires Beck Nursery is a Registered Charity with the primary aim of providing horticultural training and work experience for people who have a learning difficulty or disability. Our aim is that all who come to the nursery will enjoy and benefit from being involved in a productive, therapeutic and creative work environment. Our experience has shown that people who are involved in the wide range of activities undertaken here develop practical and social skills and grow in confidence and self-esteem.

We are delighted to present our Wildflowers of Yorkshire Provenance catalogue for 2023.

Our famous Wildflowers of Yorkshire Provenance are trusted by Wildlife Trusts, Councils, Conservation Bodies, Government Departments and gardeners all over the country. Everyone in the Wildflower Team is involved in the production and care of our Wildflowers from seed collection to the finished product. We take great pride in the quality of our plants, displays and presentation which is why customers come back time and time again.

We value our customers and are here to help. Our expertise, knowledge, and experience of wildflowers is readily available to you.

You are very welcome to visit the nursery (map at the back of the catalogue, opening times over the page). Or, if you prefer, telephone us to discuss your requirements. You can also view our website www.miresbeck.co.uk

On behalf of our Wildflower Team we wish to welcome new customers, and thank existing ones for your continued support, feedback, letters of thanks, photographs and updates of your wildflower projects.

Mires Beck Nursery

Registered Charity No. 1038078



The Nursery is open for plant sales at the following times:

1st March to 30th September: 7 days a week: 10am – 4pm

1st October to 28th February: Mon to Friday: 10am – 4pm

Prices

Prices at the nursery depend on the size of pot in which the plant is grown.

Many species are available in 9cm pots which are £2.50 each.

‘Rootrainer’ plugs are priced according to the number purchased.

Quantities up to 49 £1.02p each

Quantities 50 - 1500 0.96p each

Quantities 1501 - 2500 0.90p each

Quantities 2501 + 0.84p each

Prices include VAT @ 20%

Please note that plants are offered subject to availability.

If you require large numbers please contact us as early as possible, so we can plan our production accordingly. Some species may need to be grown to order. Thank you.

Mail Order – orders over £100

Our plants are carefully packed by members of the wildflower team.

We send Rootrainers and 9cm pot grown plants, at the prices shown above, by courier 2-3 day economy service. Please email lizzie@miresbeck.co.uk to order or for any advice.

Where to find us

Please see map on the back page of this catalogue.

Availability

Some plants in the catalogue are held in small numbers at a time so please check availability with us.

We are increasing our range of plants all the time so please ask us about any plant not listed; we may have small numbers available.

Rootrainer Plants

Our plants are grown in 'Rootrainer' cells. A good root system is developed which ensures quick establishment when planted. A 'Rootrainer' cell is approximately 115cc in size.

Species available as 'Rootrainers' are marked Rtr in the catalogue.

Species available in 9cm pots are marked 9cm in the catalogue.

All our wildflowers are carefully grown in peat free compost.

Establishing a Wildflower Meadow

Wildflowers establish and thrive in a wide range of soils, but they especially do well on poor soils where there is little competition from weeds and grasses.

If sowing grass seed onto bare ground, sow only fine grasses at a rate of 5gms per square metre. We recommend our 'Rootrainer' and pot plants are planted 6 per square metre as a basic guide.

This can be increased depending on density, impact required and budget.

If planting into meadowland, removal or reduction of turf will vastly improve the chances of success with Rootrainers and pot grown plants.

Water until plants are well established and remove any problem pests, weeds, and coarse grasses from around them.

Email lizzie@miresbeck.co.uk for more detail and site-specific advice. Site visits and plans can be organised for a small fee.

To help with your selection, the list below gives species suitable for various habitats.

Most of our wildflowers are rich in nectar and are good for wildlife.

Shade loving plants

Anemone nemorosa
Campanula latifolia
Campanula trachelium
Digitalis purpurea
Luzula sylvatica
Primula vulgaris
Teucrium scorodonia

Plants for semi-shade

Anthriscus sylvestris
Arctium minus
Ballota nigra
Eupatorium cannabinum
Fragaria vesca
Geranium sylvaticum
Geum urbanum
Hyacinthoides non-scripta
Hypericum hirsutum
Myosotis sylvatica
Myrrhis odorata
Primula vulgaris
Scrophularia nodosa
Silene dioica
Stachys officinalis
Stachys sylvatica
Stellaria holostea
Teucrium scorodonia

Plants for wet/damp areas

Achillea ptarmica
Caltha palustris
Cardamine pratensis
Carex acutiformis
Carex pendula
Eupatorium cannabinum
Filipendula ulmaria
Geum rivale
Iris pseudacorus
Lotus pedunculatus
Lycopus europaeus
Lythrum salicaria
Mentha aquatica
Phragmites australis
Potentilla palustre
Pulicaria dysenterica
Ranunculus acris
Ranunculus lingua
Sanguisorba officinalis
Silene flos-cuculi
Sparganium erectum
Succisa pratensis
Trollius europaeus

Plants for coastal conditions

Anthyllis vulneraria
Galium verum
Sedum acre

Plants for sunny sites

Achillea millefolium
Agrimonia eupatoria
Briza media
Campanula glomerata
Campanula rotundifolia
Centaurea nigra
Centaurea scabiosa
Cichorium intybus
Clinopodium vulgare
Cynosurus cristatus
Dipsacus fullonum
Filipendula vulgaris
Galium verum
Geranium pratense
Helianthemum nummularium
Hypericum perforatum
Hypochoeris radicata
Knautia arvensis
Lathyrus pratensis
Leontodon hispidus
Leucanthemum vulgare
Linaria vulgaris
Lotus corniculatus
Malva moschata
Myosotis arvensis
Origanum vulgare
Plantago lanceolata
Plantago major
Primula veris
Prunella vulgaris
Ranunculus acris
Rumex acetosa
Salvia verbenacea ssp. horminiodes
Sanguisorba officinalis
Saponaria officinalis
Scabiosa columbaria
Scorzoneroides autumnalis
Sedum acre
Sedum album
Silene latifolia
Silene vulgaris
Succisa pratensis
Tanacetum vulgare
Tragopogon pratensis
Trifolium pratense
Trollius europaeus
Verbascum nigrum
Vicia cracca
Vicia sativa

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Achillea millefolium <i>Yarrow</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	30-45cm June-August
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Flat heads of small white (sometimes pink) flowers, finely dissected foliage, common in grassland, very tolerant, nectar attracts butterflies and bees.

Achillea ptarmica <i>Sneezewort</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	20-60cm July-August
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Small white daisy-like flowers, liking damp and wet places.

Agrimonia eupatoria <i>Agrimony</i>	9cm	30-60cm June-August
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Spikes of yellow flowers, found in verges and grassland, large seeds eaten by birds.

Anemone nemorosa <i>Wood Anemone</i>	9cm	Height 5 - 15cm.
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Woodland plants which require a cool root run. Starry white flowers in early spring.

Anthyllis vulneraria <i>Kidney Vetch</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	Up to 30cm June-September
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Heads of yellow pea flowers (sometimes tinged with red) on a short stalk, dry sites usually on calcareous soils, a good nectar plant.

Aquilegia vulgaris <i>Wild Columbine</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	40-100cm May -June
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This is the genuine wild plant with blue flowers. Our stock plants are hand pollinated in an insect proof greenhouse to ensure the genetic material stays pure. It will, however, readily cross with garden Aquilegias if they grow nearby.

Arctium minus <i>Lesser Burdock</i>	9cm	90-130cm July-September
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Biennial - 'architectural' rather than beautiful and the hooked burrs can be annoying if planted near a path. Food plant for bees, butterflies and moths. Woody, hooked fruits in autumn.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Ballota nigra <i>Black Horehound</i>	9cm, Rootainers	40-100cm July-October
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Found in hedgerows and on roadsides, purple - pink flowers in whorls.

Briza media <i>Quaking Grass</i>	Rootainers, 9cm	20cm June-July
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A tufted grass of calcareous places with fine stalks and trembling spikelets. A lovely meadow plant and ideal for drying for floral decoration.

Caltha palustris <i>Marsh Marigold</i>	9cm	30-60cm March-April
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Large, bright yellow flowers found on pond margins, fens, ditches and wet woods. Pollen and nectar plant for a great variety of insects.

Campanula glomerata <i>Clustered Bellflower</i>	9cm, Rootainers	15-25cm August-September
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Found in calcareous grassland but not a common plant, a head or short spike of bright blue-purple flowers, a good border plant.

Campanula latifolia <i>Giant Bellflower</i>	9cm	120cm July-August
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Spectacular woodland plant with tall spires of pale blue bell-shaped flowers. Good at the back of a border.

Campanula rotundifolia <i>Harebell</i>	Rootainers, 9cm	25cm July-September
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A dainty and well loved plant of dry usually calcareous places, best planted on a dry bank as it is easily overwhelmed.

Campanula trachelium <i>Nettle-leaved Bellflower</i>	Rootainers, 9cm	Height 60 - 90cm. July - September
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Another spectacular woodland plant, with a tall spire of blue bell shaped flowers. Good in a shady border or edge of woodland.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Carex pendula	Roottrainers,9cm	Up to 90cm May-June
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Pendulous Sedge

A handsome yellow-green sedge found in woods or along streamsides with arching stems carrying pendulous green flower spikes which remain all summer, prefers shady moist conditions but is very tolerant.

Centaurea nigra	9cm,Roottrainers	50cm July-September
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Lesser Knapweed

Commonly found on roadsides and grassland, the purple thistle-like (but spineless) heads are frequented by bees and butterflies in late summer, seeds eaten by finches.

Centaurea scabiosa	Roottrainers,9cm	60cm July-September
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Greater Knapweed

Similar to the previous species and found in similar locations (usually on calcareous soils) but with a larger head which falls away after flowering to leave a silvery disc of bracts useful for winter arrangements.

Cichorium intybus	9cm,Roottrainers	90-120cm July-October
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Chicory

A tall roadside plant with flowers of a clear bright blue, useful at the back of the border where its untidy form is hidden, easily grown. A local plant but doubtfully native, possibly 'escaped' from cultivated crops grown as a coffee substitute.

Circaea lutetiana	9cm	20-70cm June-August
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Enchanter's Nightshade

A common woodland plant of damp calcareous and base-rich soils, very tolerant of shade. Many tiny pinkish white flowers well spaced on the stem and leaves stay green throughout the summer.

Clinopodium vulgare	9cm,Roottrainers	60cm July-September
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Wild Basil

An inhabitant of dry banks and scrubby places usually on calcareous soils, whirls of rosy purple tubular flowers.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Digitalis purpurea

Foxglove

Roottrainers,9cm

120cm June-July

Prefers woodland conditions on acid soils but is tolerant. Large tubular flowers usually purple but may be white, biennial but seeds freely, nectar plant for bumble bees, food plant for several moths and butterflies.

Dipsacus fullonum

Teasel

Roottrainers,9cm

100-150cm July-August

Biennial, architectural plant of waste and grassy places, with large conical, prickly heads. Flowers blue. Seeds are a valuable source for birds especially goldfinches.

Echium vulgare

Viper's Bugloss

Roottrainers,9cm

40-90cm June-September

Not infrequent on light dry soils, bright blue flowers, can form a sizeable plant. Biennial but usually self seeds.

Eupatorium

cannabinum

Hemp Agrimony

9cm,Roottrainers

120cm July-September

Deserving to be better known, a tall species of woodland edges but grows well in a wide range of conditions. Large flat heads of mauve florets. Vey good for bees and butterflies.

Filipendula ulmaria

Meadowsweet

9cm,Roottrainers

60-100cm June-August

Found in ditch sides and damp meadows, it flourishes in moist but not necessarily shady locations. Producing a creamy white head of sweetly scented flowers.

Filipendula vulgaris

Dropwort

9cm,Roottrainers

20-40cm June-August

Though closely related to the previous species it occurs in dry grassy sites, creamy white flowers, a good nectar plant.

Fragaria vesca

Wild Strawberry

Roottrainers,9cm

15cm May

A plant of grassy, usually calcareous banks, white flowers in May are followed by small delicious fruits. The plant spreads by runners and seed.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Galium verum

Lady's Bedstraw

Roottrainers,9cm

15-25cm July-August

Best in full sun this species is generally tolerant, a plant for grassy places where its delicate stems can sprawl. Masses of tiny yellow flowers, important food plant for several moths.

Geranium pratense

Meadow Cranesbill

Roottrainers,9cm

60cm July-August

One of the most attractive wildflowers producing large clear purple-blue flowers. Ideal for roadsides and meadows also deserves a cultivated place, best in full sun.

Geum rivale

Water Avens

9cm,Roottrainers

30-45cm May-June

Provided that it is rooted in moist soil it is happy in full sun though it will stand partial shade. Nodding orange-pink flowers followed by fluffy seed heads. Good beside a pond.

Geum urbanum

Wood Avens/Herb Bennet

9cm

Height 20 - 60cm June - September.

A common plant with small yellow flowers. Happy growing in moist soil in woodland margins and hedgerows. It has spherical hooked fruits. It can be invasive. Pollinated by various insects

Helianthemum

nummularium

Common Rockrose

9cm,Roottrainers

10-30cm June-August

A low growing plant for dry calcareous banks, attractive bright yellow flowers.

Hyacinthoides non-scripta

Bluebell

9cm

30cm April

A bulbous plant of light shade or coppiced woods and hedgebanks. A distinctive, pretty, well loved spring flower with hanging blue bells upon the stem. Genuine British wild species.

Hypericum

perforatum

Common St.John's Wort

9cm,Roottrainers

60cm June-August

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Commonly found in grass and rough areas, pretty starry yellow flowers, possibly toxic to stock so should be avoided where it might be grazed.

Hypochoeris radicata <i>Cat's Ear</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	June-August
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Very common but useful to add as a nectar source to grassland, yellow blooms rise up to 30cm from basal rosette.

Iris pseudacorus <i>Yellow Flag</i>	9cm	100cm June-July
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The yellow flag iris is a well known inhabitant of ponds and stream margins in water to 15cm deep but is tolerant of much less wet conditions, large yellow flowers. A good source of nectar.

Knautia arvensis <i>Field Scabious</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	40-80cm July-August
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Found in dry grassy places but well worthy of a garden border. Large blue- lilac heads. A good plant for bees, moths and butterflies. Very variable but usually around 40-80cm

Lathyrus pratensis <i>Meadow Vetchling</i>	9cm	30-120cm May-August
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Scrambling plant with heads of yellow pea-like flowers; grows in grass and hedgebanks.

Leontodon hispidus <i>Rough Hawkbit</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	30cm June-September
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Not unlike a small dandelion, but with rough leaves, a plant of calcareous grassland and useful for giving colour to dry banks, golden yellow flowers.

Leucanthemum vulgare <i>Ox-eye Daisy</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	60cm June-August
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A very well known plant of grassland and rough places, large white daisy heads with yellow centre. Frequented by range of insects.

Linaria vulgaris <i>Common Toadflax</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	60cm July-September
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Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Attractive yellow snapdragon flowers with orange lips, will grow on most soils, can be invasive. Nectar plant for bees, food plant for some moths.

Lotus corniculatus <i>Birdsfoot Trefoil</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	25cm June-July
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Known by many other names this is a favourite plant of short grassy places, tolerant of dry conditions but not of shade. Yellow pea flowers sometimes tinged with red, a food plant of many butterflies and moths.

Lotus pedunculatus <i>Large Birdsfoot Trefoil</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	15-60cm June-August
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Similar but taller to *L. corniculatus* but requires damp conditions. Likes a tall plant to lean on eg. iris.

Luzula sylvatica <i>Greater Woodrush</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	60cm May-June
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Evergreen, robust, grass-like woodland plant with small chestnut-brown flowers, can form large clumps.

Lycopus europaeus <i>Gipsywort</i>	9cm	60cm June-September
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Found in wet woodlands, marshes, fens, dykes, canals and riverbanks. Whorls of small white flowers up the stem. Pollinated by various small insects.

Lythrum salicaria <i>Purple Loosestrife</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	60-120cm June-August
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Tall strikingly attractive plant with reddish-purple spikes of flowers. Wet places and watersides. A 'must have' wildflower.

Malva moschata <i>Musk Mallow</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	40cm July-August
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Truly a lovely plant for open or slightly shady places, sometimes found on grassy banks but generally uncommon, large open flowers usually rose- pink but sometimes white. A good nectar plant.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Mentha aquatica <i>Water Mint</i>	9cm	20-90cm July-October
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Pink flowered aromatic mint for wet locations.

Myosotis arvensis <i>Field Forget-me-not</i>	Rootrainers	Height 15 - 40cm. Annual or biennial so should be left to set seed.
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Most commonly found on dry arable field forget-me-not is a low growing species with tiny pale blue flowers with a yellow eye that appear from April to September.

Myrrhis odorata <i>Sweet Cicely</i>	9cm	60-100cm May-June
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Large plant of damp places. White flat flower heads and attractively cut leaves. The whole plant smells of aniseed.

Origanum vulgare <i>Marjoram</i>	Rootrainers,9cm	45cm. Plant full sun, harvest July-September
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One of our native herbs found on calcareous sites, tolerant of dry conditions in full sun, aromatic when bruised, branching head of smallish rose-purple flowers with bracts tinged purple.

Plantago lanceolata <i>Ribwort Plantain</i>	Rootrainers	Height 10 - 50cm. Flowers April to October
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Plantains have their leaves at the base of a leafless flower stalk. In this abundant species the leaves are strap-shaped to long oval and are held more or less erect. The flowers are tiny in a dense spike.

Plantago major <i>Greater Plantain</i>	Rootrainers	Height 10 - 40cm. Flowers June to October
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Found at the sides of paths and tracks and tolerant of trampling. The leaves are broadly oval and long stalked. Commonly known as 'rat's tail' because of the scaly, tail-like appearance of its flowers which are small and packed closely together.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Potentilla palustris <i>Marsh Cinquefoil</i>	9cm	Height 45cm. May-July.
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A pretty red-purple flowered marginal plant flowering from a creeping base. Suitable for marshy meadows, ponds and wet heaths. Pollinated by a wide variety of insects.

Primula veris <i>Cowslip</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	20cm April-May
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A well loved plant of open grassy usually calcareous sites, deep yellow, (a few of our plants if supplied when not in flower may prove to be the false oxlip, a natural cross between cowslip and primrose).

Primula vulgaris <i>Primrose</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	10cm March-April
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Well loved plant of hedge banks and open woods, pale yellow flowers, a source of nectar for night flying insects.

Prunella vulgaris <i>Selfheal</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	20-30cm June-August
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Commonly found in rough places, but only seen at its best when growing under fertile and open conditions. A dense terminal head of violet blue tubular flowers, leaves and stems frequently tinged purple. Frequented by bees.

Pulicaria dysenterica <i>Fleabane</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	45cm August-September
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Frequent in open, damp places but quite tolerant of conditions, hairy undersides to the leaves give a grey hue, looks very effective in flower when planted in a mass, golden yellow blooms with yellow button centres.

Ranunculus acris <i>Meadow Buttercup</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	30-90cm April-September
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Bright yellow flowers, abundant in damp meadows and pastures. Rich in nectar, visited by many insects especially flies and small bees.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Ranunculus lingua <i>Greater Spearwort</i>	9cm	40-90cm July-September
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Found in marshes, ponds, fens and ditches. A robust plant with large shiny buttercup flowers 2cm in diameter.

Rumex acetosa <i>Common Sorrel</i>	Rootainers	Height 20 - 60cm. Flowers May - July
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Found in meadows, pastures, woodland rides and verges. Leaves arrow shaped, the basal lobes pointing backwards, the upper leaves clasping the stem. Leaves often turning very red at fruiting time. Flowers in few branched or unbranched spikes, male and female

Salvia verbenacea ssp. horminoides <i>Clary</i>	Rootainers,9cm	30-80cm May-August
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A rough grassland and roadside plant. Slightly aromatic with spikes of small violet flowers with 2 white dots. Self pollinating.

Sanguisorba officinalis <i>Great Burnet</i>	9cm	60-90cm June-August
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A much larger version of *Poterium sanguisorba* (Salad Burnet) but prefers damp conditions, flower heads like a dark crimson raspberry on branched stems.

Saponaria officinalis <i>Soapwort</i>	Rootainers	Height 30 - 90cm. Flowers July to October.
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Found on verges and waste ground as well as damp woodland and along streams. A medium-tall, often clump forming perennial. Hairless foliage slightly bluish-green. Dense clusters of pink, sweetly scented flowers.

Scabiosa columbaria <i>Small Scabious</i>	9cm,Rootainers	60cm July-August
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Generally more delicate than the larger field scabious, *Knautia*, but otherwise quite similar both in form and habitat.

Scorzoneroideis autumnalis <i>Autumn Hawkbit</i>	9cm,Rootainers	5-45cm July-October
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Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Similar to *Leontodon hispidus* but a smaller, more wiry plant flowering later in the year.

Scrophularia nodosa <i>Figwort</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	80cm June-September
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Frequent plant of damp hedgerows and woods, branching stems carrying many small reddish-brown and green flowers frequented by bees, needs closer inspection to appreciate their character.

Silene dioica <i>Red Campion</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	75cm May-June
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A common and very attractive hedgerow and woodland plant in shades of rose, a food plant for several moths.

Silene flos-cuculi <i>Ragged Robin</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	30-45cm May-June
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Not nearly as common as it was as damp meadows and marshes disappear. An attractive addition to pond margins and bog gardens, good size shaggy petals in rose, food plant for moths.

Silene latifolia <i>White Campion</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	75cm May-August
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Similar in form to *S. dioica* with which it will often hybridise, rather less vigorous, pure white, short-lived but self-seeds freely.

Silene vulgaris <i>Bladder Campion</i>	9cm,Roottrainers	35-80cm June-August
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A common plant of rough places, white flowers with a greenish inflated calyx, visited by bumble bees and moths.

Stachys officinalis <i>Betony</i>	Roottrainers,9cm	30-55cm July-September
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Found in woodland edges and hedge banks, prefers partial shade and lighter soils. Flowers in dense heads, bright red-purple.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Stachys sylvatica

Hedge Woundwort

Roottrainers,9cm

65cm July-August

Commonly found in hedgebanks, similar to the previous species but with claret coloured flowers on a more extended spike, the flowers usually have attractive markings on the lower lip.

Succisa pratensis

Devil's Bit Scabious

Roottrainers,9cm

100cm June-October

Pretty blue pin cushion flower heads. A plant of wet meadows, damp woods on mildly acid to calcareous soils, also on drier chalk and limestone grassland. Pollinated by various bees and butterflies. The leaves are the food plant of the larvae of the Marsh

Tanacetum vulgare

Tansy

Roottrainers,9cm

30-100cm July-September

Golden yellow flat heads of flowers, fragrant leaves. Found on roadsides, hedgerows, wasteground, river and stream banks. Tolerant of most soils. Pollinated by a large variety of small insects and food plant for the Tansy beetle.

Teucrium scorodonia

Wood Sage

Roottrainers,9cm

15-30cm July-September

Found in woodland, hedgebanks and heaths, prefers drier noncalcareous sites, makes a spreading clump, flowers yellowish-green in spikes. Popular with bees.

Tragopogon pratensis

Goat's Beard

9cm

45-60cm June-July

Found commonly on roadside verges. The tuft of leek-like leaves give rise to a yellow flower head which opens only in the morning, then followed by a seed head not unlike a very large dandelion 'clock', useful addition to a grassy bank. Often biennial.

Trifolium pratense

Red Clover

9cm,Roottrainers

30cm May-September

Heads of pink/red pea flowers. Common plant of pastures, meadows, rough grassland roadside verges and cultivated ground on calcareous to weakly acid soils. Rich in nectar, attractive to bees and butterflies.

Name	Pot Size	Height & Flowering Period
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Trollius europaeus

Globe Flower

Roottrainers

Height 60 - 80cm.

Commonly known as the Globe Flower because of the globe shaped bright yellow flowers held above mid green foliage from May well into the summer. Grows well in damp soils.

Verbascum nigrum

Dark Mullein

9cm

50-120cm June-September

A wayside plant worthy of a place in the garden. Best on warm dry calcereous banks. Tall spikes of yellow flowers with purple stamens. Pollinated by a variety of insects.

Vicia cracca

Tufted Vetch

9cm

60-200cm July-September

Beautiful scrambling plant with many heads of blue- purple pea flowers, found in grassland and waysides.

Vicia sativa

Common Vetch

Roottrainers

Height 15 - 150cm. Flowers
May to September.

A sprawling or scrambling pea with bright pinkish-purple flowers. Very common in a wide variety of grassy places.

How to find us:

Low Mill lane, North cave

- access via Mires Lane

(Sign posted from the North Cave - South Cave road)

